



Immunisation

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**Vaccination or
immunisation (in the form
of injection or oral drops)
protects children from
diseases like measles,
polio, tetanus and
tuberculosis.
immunisation is a free
service provided by the
government to all
children.**

Immunisation Schedule

At Birth (within 24 hours)	BCG ; Oral polio
6 weeks	DPT ; Oral polio
10 weeks	DPT ; Oral polio
14 weeks	DPT ; Oral polio
9-12 months	Measles; Vitamin A
16-24 months	DPT ; Oral polio (Booster doses) ; Vitamin A
24 months to 60 months one dose every 6 months (7 doses in all)	Vitamin A
5 years	DT
10 years	TT
16 years	TT

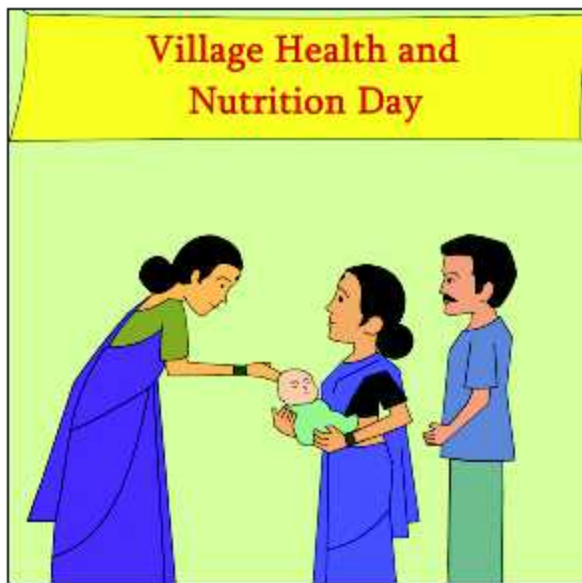


For Immunisation to be effective, the vaccine must be given at the right age in the right dosage with the right interval between doses.

It is also necessary to give the full course of Immunisation to protect a child.



Village Health and Nutrition Day



The ASHA will tell parents when Immunisation is due, and escort the mother and baby to the Village Health and Nutrition Day.

The Village Health and Nutrition Day is the day when the ANM visits the Anganwadi and gives not only Immunisation but a number of other services.

The various services available at the Village Health and Nutrition Day include:

- Immunisation to children
- Ante-natal care to pregnant women
- Counselling and contraceptive services to eligible couples
- Basic level of curative care for minor illnesses with referral where needed
- Health communication on a number of key health issues



Integrated Child Development Services
National Rural Health Mission



Mother and Child Protection Card

Recognition of Mother & Child

Family Identification

Mother's Name: _____ Age: _____
 Father's Name: _____
 Address: _____
 Mother's Education: ☐ Elementary ☐ Middle ☐ High ☐ Graduate

Pregnancy Record

Order of birth: _____
 Date of the last menstrual period: _____
 Expected date of delivery: _____
 No. of pregnancies previous to this: _____
 Last delivery: ☐ Normal ☐ Breech ☐ Other
 Current delivery: ☐ Normal ☐ Breech ☐ Other
 AFI (Antenatal Index): _____
 AFI (Antenatal Index): _____
 AFI (Antenatal Index): _____

Birth Record

Child's Name: _____ Sex: _____
 Date of birth: _____ Age: _____
 Weight: _____
 Height: _____
 Birth Registration No.: _____

Institutional Identification

ASHA: _____
 AWW: _____
 BNC / CWC: _____
 PHC / TH: _____
 Location Area: _____
 Transport Arrangement: _____

Other Information

ASHA: _____
 AWW: _____
 BNC / CWC: _____
 PHC / TH: _____
 Location Area: _____
 Transport Arrangement: _____

Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India
 Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India

Every time a child is taken for Immunisation, the parents must carry the child's Immunisation card and make sure it is updated. The ASHA too can help update this card.





Vaccines can be given even when the child is suffering from mild illnesses like a cold, cough or fever.





After Immunisation if a child has any of the following symptoms, parents should refer her to a **PHC/FRU**:

- Child continues crying for more than three hours.
- Child is drowsy, convulsing or unconscious.
- Child has high-grade fever.



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